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and

What is claimed is:

1. A method of forming multi-layers for manufacturing a thin film transistor (TFT), comprising:

forming a first layer on a transparent substrate using a first physical vapor deposition;

sequentially forming a second layer using a second physical vapor deposition on the first layer without breaking vacuum.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the physical vapor deposition for forming the first layer comprises pulsed-DC or RF sputtering.
 - 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide.
 - 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the second layer is amorphous silicon.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said forming a first layer is performed by sputtering using a first target comprising a silicon material selected from the group consisting of polysilicon and single-crystal silicon having a predetermined resistivity.
 - 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide and is sputter deposited from the first target with an oxygen reactive gas.
 - 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide and is sputter deposited from the first target with a reactive gas mixture comprising oxygen and He.
 - 8. The method of claim 5, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide and is sputter deposited from the first target with a reactive gas mixture comprising oxygen and H₂.
- 9. The method of claim 5, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide and is sputter deposited from the first target with a reactive gas mixture comprising oxygen, He, and H₂.
 - 10. The method of claim 5, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide and is sputter deposited from the first target with a reactive gas mixture comprising oxygen and any one of Ar, Ne, or Kr.

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- 11. The method of claim 5, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide and is sputter deposited from the first target with a reactive gas mixture comprising oxygen, He, and any one of Ar, Ne, or Kr.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the reactive gas mixture comprises oxygen, He and Ar, and wherein a ratio of Ar in He is between approximately 3-20%
- The method of claim 5, wherein the predetermined resisvity R1 is in a range of approximately 1-50 Ohm-cm.
 - 14. The method of claim 1, wherein said forming a first layer is performed by sputtering using a first target comprising silicon dioxide.
 - 15. The method of claim 1, wherein said forming a second layer is performed by sputtering using a target formed of a material selected from the group consisting of single crystalline silicon and polycrystalline silicon.
 - 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the physical vapor deposition for forming the second layer comprises regular-DC, pulsed DC or RF sputtering.
 - 17. A thin film transistor, comprising:
 - a transparent substrate;
 - a first layer formed on the substrate using a first physical vapor deposition;
- 25 and
 - a second layer formed sequentially on the first layer using a second physical vapor deposition, without breaking vacuum.
- 18. The thin film transistor of claim 17, wherein the first layer is formed using pulsed-DC or RF sputtering.
 - 19. The thin film transistor of claim 17, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide.

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- 20. The thin film transistor of claim 19, wherein the second layer is amorphous silicon.
 - 21. A poly-Si thin film transistor, comprising:
 - a transparent substrate;
 - a first layer formed on the substrate using a physical vapor deposition; and
 - a second layer formed sequentially on the first layer, using the physical vapor deposition and an annealing process for crystallization, without breaking vacuum.
- The thin film transistor of claim 21, wherein the physical vapor deposition for forming the first layer comprises pulsed-DC or RF sputtering.
 - 23. The thin film transistor of claim 21, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide.
 - 24. The thin film transistor of claim 23, wherein the second layer is polycrystalline silicon.
 - 25. A display device, comprising:
 - a transparent substrate;
 - a first layer formed on the substrate using a first physical vapor deposition;

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and

- a second layer formed sequentially on the first layer using a second physical vapor deposition, without breaking vacuum.
- 25 26. The device of claim 25, wherein the first layer is formed using pulsed-DC or RF sputtering.
 - 27. The device of claim 25, wherein the first layer is silicon dioxide.
- 30 28. The device of claim 27, wherein the second layer is amorphous silicon.

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